



Vent-Dependent Children: Life Care Planning Considerations

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Risk



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Tendrecare Home Health Services
Care plan for: Care of a Ventilator Dependent Patient

Patient Name: _____
Initiated by: _____ Date: _____

• Ventilator Type:	• Spirometer: yes or no
• Mode: SIMV AC CPAP	
• Set Tidal Volume:	• Oximeter: yes or no
• Rate:	• Oximeter alarm settings:
• FIO2:	
• Inspiratory Time:	• Suction catheter size:
• PEEP:	• In-line: yes or no
• Pressure Support:	
• Alarm Settings: HI:	• Trach Size:
• Low:	• Brand of Trach:
	• Safe suction length:

Skilled nursing care to include:

1. Ventilator checks every shift and PRN. Document on flowsheet.
2. Vital signs every shift and PRN.
3. Head to toe assessment every shift and PRN.
4. Administer medications and respiratory treatments as ordered.
5. Check alarms every shift.
6. Discharge internal and external batteries monthly and PRN.
7. Charge external battery every day.
8. Change ventilator circuits and filters weekly and PRN.
9. Administer oxygen as ordered.
10. Suction as needed, suction before and after respiratory treatments.

Care plan discontinued by: _____ Date: _____

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Tendrecare Home Health Services
Care Plan & Information for Respiratory Failure requiring Mechanical Ventilation

Patient name: _____
Initiated by: _____ Date: _____

Assigned Plan of Care:

Respiratory Failure requiring Mechanical Ventilation

Alterations in: Effective Airway Clearance

Goals/Outcomes: Maintain open airway.

Interventions:

1. Suction as needed.
2. Encourage patient to take deep breaths every hour.
3. Maintain adequate hydration to decrease viscosity of secretions.
4. Ventilator parameters as ordered, warning parameters as ordered.
5. Monitor and maintain oxygen saturations as ordered.

Alterations in: Careless Output

Goals/Outcomes: Patient will maintain stable vital signs and cardiac status.

Interventions:

1. Assess VS every shift and prn.

Alterations in: Ventilator Associated Pneumonia

Goals/Outcomes: Pneumonias will be minimized to help prevent Ventilator Associated Pneumonia.

Interventions:

1. Maintain excellent hand washing techniques, standard precautions.
2. Mouth care every 2 hours will help prevent pneumonia. Mouth care prior to setting.

Alterations in: Activity Tolerance

Goals/Outcomes: Maintain optimal respiratory muscle strength, chest mobility and muscle tone.

Interventions:

1. Encourage active or passive ROM exercises as the patient's ability permits.
2. Consult PT/OT if indicated.
3. Provide rest periods and limit patient activities to patient tolerance.

Alterations in: Coping, grieving

Goals/Outcomes: Patient significant other feelings of anxiety will be decreased.

Interventions:

1. Educate patient significant other on clinical procedures and routine care.
2. Encourage visitation by patient's social network as much as possible.
3. Encourage the normal responses to losses associated with illness i.e. denial, anger, fear, anxiety, guilt and sadness.

Alterations in: Lack of Knowledge

Goals/Outcomes: Patient significant other will verbalize understanding of disease process. Patient significant other will actively participate in care.

Interventions:

1. Explain pathophysiology of respiratory failure to patient significant other using teaching aids appropriate for patient's educational level, i.e., pictures, audio, video.
2. Ongoing explaining of procedures, medications, warning parameter, recovery time and nursing care.

Care plan discontinued by: _____ Date: _____

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Champ Camp Diagnoses

Transverse Myelitis	Pierre Robin Sequence
Severe Central Apnea	Mitochondrial Myopathy
Obstructive Apnea	Congenital Myopathy
Spina Bifida	Chronic Lung Disease
Robinow Syndrome	Subglottic Stenosis
Congenital Central Hypoventilation Syndrome	Congenital Myasthenic Syndrome
Hirschsprung's Disease	Restrictive Lung Disease- Pectus Excavatum
Lymphatic Malformation	Thyroglossal Duct Cyst
Grave's Disease	Pontocerebellar Hypoplasia Type 1B
CHARGE Syndrome	Jean Fox Syndrome
	Pulmonary Dysplasia



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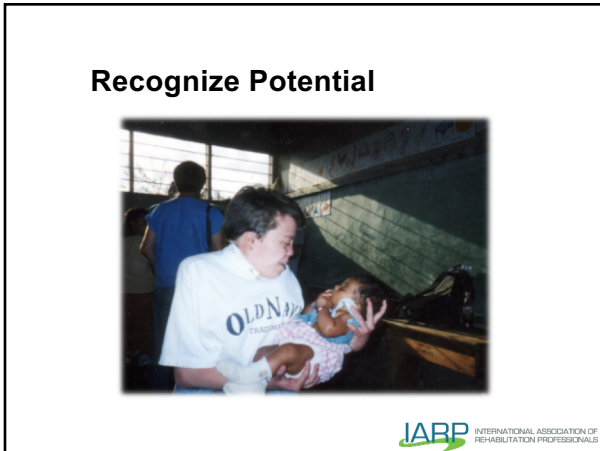
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LOCATION ...
 LOCATION ...
 LOCATION !
 (and FUNDING)




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References

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